

**What Is Claimed Is:**

1. An organic electroluminescence display panel formed of a glass substrate including an indium-tin-oxide strip, a counter electrode, an organic electroluminous layer, and a cathode strip, adhered to a seal-cover by using a sealant, wherein the counter electrode is formed in a grid form at a crossing point between the counter electrode and the sealant.
2. The display panel according to claim 1, wherein the counter electrode is formed in one of or a combination of at least two of a polygon, a cross, and a circle.
3. The display panel according to claim 1, wherein the counter electrode is formed of a metal, such as molybdenum (Mo) and chrome (Cr).
4. The display panel according to claim 1, wherein the insulating layer is expanded to a predetermined area, including the crossing point between the counter electrode and the sealant, and to an area of the glass substrate, so as to be formed on a periphery of the organic electroluminous layer.
5. The display panel according to claim 3, wherein the cathode strip is formed of a conductive material, such as a magnesium (Mg)-silver (Ag) alloy and aluminum (Al).
6. A method for fabricating an organic electroluminescence display panel, comprising:

forming an indium-tin-oxide strip being a transparent electrode, so as to apply an anode onto a glass substrate;

forming a counter electrode in a grid form, so as to have a width smaller than that of the indium-tin-oxide strip;

forming a first insulating layer and a barrier rib;

serially forming an electroluminous layer and a cathode strip; and

adhering a seal-cover to the glass substrate by using a sealant.

7. The method according to claim 6, wherein the forming a first indium-tin-oxide strip includes simultaneously forming a second indium-tin-oxide strip, having a width smaller than that of the first indium-tin-oxide, between each barrier rib.

8. The method according to claim 6, wherein the forming a counter electrode in a grid form includes forming the counter electrode in one of or a combination of at least two of a polygon, a cross, and a circle.

9. The method according to claim 6, wherein the forming a first insulating layer and a barrier rib includes expanding the insulating layer a predetermined area, including the crossing point between the counter electrode and the sealant, and to an area of the glass substrate, so as to be formed on a periphery of the organic electroluminous layer.